

Attachment 4

USDOT REQUIREMENTS FOR AGREEMENTS WITH THE TJPA

The USDOT's requirements for agreements between the TJPA and a third party are summarized below. Certain USDOT provisions described below may not be applicable to all agreements with the TJPA. The italicized text is intended to assist the Contractor in understanding which Federal requirements may be applicable to an agreement. The USDOT and the TJPA have sole discretion to apply any particular provision described below.

These provisions supplement the provisions in the Agreement, and shall be interpreted in the broadest possible manner to avoid any conflicts. If there is an unavoidable conflict between the USDOT requirements and any other terms and conditions of the Agreement, in the TJPA's sole determination, the USDOT requirements shall take precedence.

The following provisions (1-25) apply to all Agreements.

1. DEFINITIONS

**** The Definitions apply to all Agreements.**

- a) **Agreement** means a contract, purchase order, memorandum of understanding or other agreement awarded by the TJPA to a Contractor, financed in whole or in part with Federal assistance awarded by Federal Transit Administration (FTA) or Federal Railroad Administration (FRA).
- b) **Approved Project Budget** means the most recent statement, approved by the FTA, of the costs of the Project, the maximum amount of Federal assistance for which the TJPA is currently eligible, the specific tasks (including specified contingencies) covered, and the estimated cost of each task.
- c) **Contractor** means the individual or entity awarded an Agreement financed in whole or in part with Federal assistance originally derived from FTA.
- d) **Federal Cooperative Agreement** means the instrument by which FRA or FTA awards Federal assistance to the TJPA to support a particular Project, and in which FRA or FTA takes an active role or retains substantial control
- e) **Federal Grant Agreement** means the instrument by which FTA or FRA awards Federal assistance to the TJPA to support a particular Project, and in which FTA or FRA does not take an active role or retain substantial control, in accordance with 31 U.S.C. Section 6304.
- f) **FRA** is the acronym for the Federal Railroad Administration, one of the operating administrations of the U.S. DOT.
- g) **FRA Directive** includes any FRA regulation, policy, procedure, directive, circular, notice, order or guidance providing information about FRA's programs, application processing procedures, and Project management guidelines.
- h) **FTA** is the acronym for the Federal Transit Administration, one of the operating administrations of the U.S. DOT.
- i) **FTA Directive** includes any FTA regulation, policy, procedure, directive, circular, notice, order or guidance providing information about FTA's programs, application processing procedures, and Project management guidelines, including the Master Agreement between FTA and the TJPA.

- j) **Government** means the United States of America and any executive department thereof.
- k) **Project** means the Transbay Program, which will replace the Transbay Terminal with the new transit center building and extend Caltrain to the transit center. Total project consists of three major components: a new, multi-modal transit center on the site of the former Transbay Terminal; the extension of Caltrain commuter rail from its current San Francisco terminus at 4th and Townsend streets to a new underground terminus under a new transit center; and the establishment of a Redevelopment Area with related development projects, including transit-oriented development on publicly owned land in the vicinity of the transit center.
- l) **Recipient** means the TJPA or another entity that provides fund to the TJPA as a subgrantee.
- m) **Secretary** means the U.S. DOT Secretary, including his or her duly authorized designee.
- n) **Subcontract** means a subcontract at any tier entered into by Contractor or its subcontractor relating to the Agreement, financed in whole or in part with Federal assistance originally derived from FTA or FRA. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor must include each of these Federal provisions in any Subcontract related to this Agreement.
- o) **U.S. DOT** is the acronym for the U.S. Department of Transportation, including its operating administrations.
- p) **U.S.DOT Directives** means any U.S. DOT regulation, policy, procedure, directive, circular, notice, order or guidance providing information about U.S.DOT's programs, application processing procedures, and Project management guidelines.

2. NO GOVERNMENT OBLIGATION TO THIRD PARTIES

*** This requirement applies to all Agreements.*

The TJPA and Contractor acknowledge and agree that, notwithstanding any concurrence by the Federal Government in or approval of the solicitation or award of the Agreement, absent the express written consent by the Federal Government, the Federal Government is not a party to this Agreement and shall not be subject to any obligations or liabilities to the TJPA, Contractor, or any other party (whether or not a party to that Agreement) pertaining to any matter resulting from the Agreement.

3. PROGRAM FRAUD AND FALSE OR FRAUDULENT STATEMENTS AND RELATED ACTS

***This provision applies to all Agreements.*

- a) The Contractor acknowledges that the provisions of the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986, as amended, 31 U.S.C. Section 3801 et seq., and U.S. DOT regulations, "Program Fraud Civil Remedies," 49 CFR Part 31, apply to its actions under the Agreement. Upon execution of the Agreement, the Contractor certifies or affirms the truthfulness and accuracy of any statement it has made, it makes, it may make, or causes to be made, pertaining to the Agreement or the FTA- or FRA-assisted Project for which this Agreement work is being performed. In addition to other penalties that may be applicable, the Contractor further acknowledges that if it makes, or causes to be made, a false, fictitious, or fraudulent claim, statement, submission, or certification, the Federal Government reserves the right to impose the penalties of the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986 on the Contractor to the extent the Federal Government deems appropriate.
- b) The Contractor also acknowledges that if it makes, or causes to be made, a false, fictitious, or fraudulent claim, statement, submission, or certification to the Federal Government under an Agreement connected with a project that is financed in whole or in part with Federal assistance

originally awarded by FTA or FRA under the authority of 49 U.S.C. Section 5307, the Government reserves the right to impose the penalties of 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and 49 U.S.C. Section 5307(n)(1) on the Contractor, to the extent the Federal Government deems appropriate.

4. ACCESS TO DOCUMENTS

***This requirement applies to all Agreements. FRA requires the inclusion of these requirements in Subcontracts over \$150,000.*

*** Please be aware that the requirements in the Agreement regarding audit and inspection of records may require the Contractor to maintain files relating to this Agreement for a longer period of time than described in the requirement below. Please also be aware that, as described in the Agreement, the TJPA follows the provisions of the City and County of San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance regarding responses to public requests for certain bid documents. The Contractor must comply with the requirements described below and in the Agreement.*

- a) Where the TJPA is considered a “local government” and is a Recipient or a subgrantee of a Recipient, in accordance with 49 CFR Section 18.36(i), the Contractor agrees to provide the TJPA, the FTA or FRA Administrator, the Comptroller General of the United States and/or any of their authorized representatives access to any books, documents, accounts papers and records of the Contractor which are directly pertinent to this Agreement (“Documents”) for the purposes of making audits, examinations, excerpts and transcriptions. Contractor also agrees, pursuant to 49 CFR Section 633.17, to provide the FTA or FRA Administrator or its authorized representatives, including any project management oversight Contractor, access to Contractor's Documents and construction sites pertaining to a major capital project, defined at 49 U.S.C. Section 5302(a)1, which is receiving Federal financial assistance through the programs described at 49 U.S.C. sections 5307, 5309 or 5311.
- b) Where the TJPA is a Recipient or a subgrantee of a Recipient, in accordance with 49 U.S.C. Section 5325(a), and enters into a contract for a capital project or improvement (defined at 49 U.S.C. Section 5302[a]1) through other than competitive bidding, the Contractor agrees to provide the TJPA, the Secretary and the Comptroller General, or any authorized officer or employee of any of them, access to any Documents for the purposes of conducting an audit and inspection.
- c) Where the Purchaser enters into a negotiated contract for other than a small purchase or under the simplified acquisition threshold and is an institution of higher education, a hospital or other non-profit organization and is the FTA Recipient or a subgrantee of the FTA Recipient in accordance with 49 C.F.R. 19.48, Contractor agrees to provide the Purchaser, FTA Administrator, the Comptroller General of the United States or any of their duly authorized representatives with access to any books, documents, papers and record of the Contractor which are directly pertinent to this contract for the purposes of making audits, examinations, excerpts and transcriptions. (If applicable)
- d) The Contractor agrees to permit any of the foregoing parties to reproduce, by any means whatsoever, or to copy excerpts and transcriptions, as reasonably needed, of any Documents.
- e) The Contractor agrees to maintain all Documents required under this Agreement for a period of not less than three years after the date of termination or expiration of this Agreement, except in the event of litigation or settlement of claims arising from the performance of this Agreement, in which case Contractor agrees to maintain same until the TJPA, the FTA or FRA Administrator,

the Comptroller General, or any of their duly authorized representatives, have disposed of all such litigation, appeals, claims or exceptions related thereto. (See 49 CFR Section 18.39[i][11]).

5. FEDERAL CHANGES

*** This requirement applies to all Agreements.*

Contractor shall at all times comply with all applicable federal laws and regulations, and all FTA Directives, FRA Directives and U.S. DOT Directives applicable to the Project, as they may be amended or promulgated from time to time during the term of this Agreement. It is Contractor's responsibility to be aware of any amendments or changes to such federal requirements and directives. Contractor's failure to so comply shall constitute a material breach of this Agreement.

6. CIVIL RIGHTS REQUIREMENT

*** This requirement applies to all Agreements.*

*** Please be aware that the requirements in the Agreement regarding nondiscrimination are broader than the USDOT Requirements described below. The Contractor must comply with the requirements described below and in the Agreement.*

- a) Under this Contract, the Contractor will be required to comply with these applicable civil rights, nondiscrimination, and equal employment opportunity laws and regulations: i. 49 CFR Part 21, 49 CFR Part 25, 49 CFR Part 26, 49 CFR Part 27, 49 CFR Part 37, 49 CFR Part 38, 49 CFR Part 39, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681 – 1683 and 1685 – 1687, 21 U.S.C. § 1101, 29 U.S.C. § 794, et seq., 42 U.S.C. § 290dd – 290dd-2, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d, 42 U.S.C. § 3601, 42 U.S.C. § 4541, 42 U.S.C. § 6101 – 6107, 42 U.S.C. § 12101, et seq., 42 U.S.C. § 12132, 49 U.S.C. § 5307 (c)(1)(D)(ii), 49 U.S.C. § 5332, California Civil Code § 51, California Government Code § 11135 ii. 29 CFR Part 1630, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 U.S.C. § 623, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e, 42 U.S.C. § 12112, California Government Code § 12900 - 12996 iii. 49 U.S.C. § 5325 (k). iv. Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act, Public Law No: 114-94, as may be amended.
- b) Nondiscrimination - In accordance with U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), Federal, and State of California regulations 49 CFR Part 21, 49 CFR Part 25, 49 CFR Part 27, 49 CFR Part 37, 49 CFR Part 38, 49 CFR Part 39, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681 – 1683 and 1685 – 1687, 21 U.S.C. § 1101, 29 U.S.C. § 794, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 290dd – 290dd-2, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d, section 303 of the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 3601, 42 U.S.C. § 4541, 42 U.S.C. § 6102, 42 U.S.C. § 6101 – 6107, section 202 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. § 12101, 42 U.S.C. § 12132, Federal transit law 49 U.S.C. § 5307 (c)(1)(D)(ii), Federal transit law 49 U.S.C. § 5332, FTA Circular 4702.1, "Title VI Requirements and Guidelines for Federal Transit Administration Recipients.", DOT Order to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, Executive Order No. 13166 and DOT Policy Guidance Concerning Recipients' Responsibilities to Limited English Proficiency (70 FR 74087, Dec. 14, 2005), the Unruh Civil Rights Act, California Civil Code § 51, and California Government Code § 11135, the Contractor agrees that it will comply with the identified Federal and State of California laws and regulations, pertaining to the Agency programs and activities, to ensure that no person will be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to, discrimination (particularly in the level and quality of transportation services and transportation-related benefits) on the bases of race, color, religion, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, age, marital status, genetic information, medical condition, or disability. In addition, the Contractor agrees to comply with applicable Federal implementing regulations, other implementing requirements that DOT or FTA may issue, and any other applicable Federal and State of California statutes and/or regulations that may be signed into law or promulgated.
- c) Equal Employment Opportunity - The following equal employment opportunity requirements apply to the Agreement:

- 1) **Race, Color, Creed, National Origin, Sex** - In accordance with Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. Section 2000e, and Federal transit laws at 49 U.S.C. Section 5332, the Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable equal employment opportunity requirements of U.S. Department of Labor (U.S. DOL) regulations, "Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor," 41 CFR Parts 60, (which implement Executive Order No. 11246, "Equal Employment Opportunity," as amended by Executive Order No. 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," 42 U.S.C. Section 2000e note), and with any applicable Federal statutes, executive orders, regulations, and Federal policies that may in the future affect construction activities undertaken in the course of the Project. The Contractor agrees to take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, creed, national origin, sex, or age. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising, layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. In addition, the Contractor agrees to comply with any implementing requirements FTA or FRA may issue.
- 2) **Nondiscrimination on Basis of Age** - In accordance with section 4 of the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, 29 U.S.C. §§ 621- 634, U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (U.S. EEOC) regulations, "Age Discrimination in Employment Act," 29 C.F.R. part 1625, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq., U.S. Health and Human Services regulations, "Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Age in Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance," 45 C.F.R. part 90, and Federal transit law at 49 U.S.C. § 5332, the Contractor agrees to refrain from discrimination against present and prospective employees for reason of age. In addition, the Contractor agrees to comply with any implementing requirements FTA may issue.
- 3) **Americans with Disabilities** - In 12112, accordance with section 102 of the Americans with Disabilities Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § the Contractor agrees that it will comply with the requirements of U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, "Regulations to Implement the Equal Employment Provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act, " 29 C.F.R. Part 1630, pertaining to employment of persons with disabilities. In addition, the Contractor agrees to comply with any implementing requirements FTA may issue.
- 4) **Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)** - The contractor agrees to comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. § 5301 et seq. The Contractor acknowledges that pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), programs, services, and other activities provided by a public entity to the public, whether directly or through a contractor, must be accessible to the disabled public. The Contractor shall provide the services specified in this Agreement in a manner that complies with the ADA and any and all other applicable federal, state, and local disability rights legislation. The Contractor agrees not to discriminate against disabled persons in the provision of services, benefits, or activities provided under this Agreement and further agrees that any violation of this prohibition on the part of the Contractor, its employees, agents, or assigns will constitute a material breach of this Agreement. The ADA Access requirements apply to all contracts. In addition, the contractor agrees to comply with any and all applicable requirements issued by the FTA, DOT, DOJ, U.S. GSA, U.S. EEOC, U.S. FCC, any subsequent amendments thereto and any other nondiscrimination statute(s) that may apply to the Project.
- 5) **Special DOL EEO Clause** – Applies to construction contracts >\$10,000; Contractor and subcontractor shall abide by the requirements of 41 CFR 60-1.4(a), 60-300.5(a) and 60-741.5(a). These regulations prohibit discrimination against qualified individuals based on their status as protected veterans or individuals with disabilities and prohibit against all individuals based on their race color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity,

status as a parent, or national origin. Moreover, these regulations require that covered prime contractors and subcontractors take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment individuals without regard to race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, disability, status as a parent, or veteran status.

- d) Promoting Free Speech and Religious Liberty. The Contractor shall ensure that Federal funding is expended in full accordance with the U.S. Constitution, Federal Law, and statutory and public policy requirements: including, but not limited to, those protecting free speech, religious liberty, public welfare, the environment, and prohibiting discrimination.
- e) During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:
 - 1) The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided by the contracting officer setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.
 - 2) The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.
 - 3) The contractor will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or other action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information.
 - 4) The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the agency contracting officer, advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under section 202 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
 - 5) The contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.
 - 6) The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to books, records, and accounts by the contracting agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.
 - 7) In the event of the contractor's non-compliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of such rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order

11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.

- 8) The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (8) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as may be directed by the Secretary of Labor as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance: Provided, however, that in the event the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

7. DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE)

**** The specific provisions checked below apply to this Agreement.**

- a) This Agreement is subject to the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26, *Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprises in Department of Transportation Financial Assistance Programs*. The national goal for participation of Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBEs) is 10 percent. The TJPA's Anticipated DBE Participation Level for each Federal Fiscal Year is published on the TJPA website by August 1 of each year.

☐ A separate Agreement goal of _____ percent DBE participation has been established for this Agreement.

☒ A separate Agreement goal has not been established for this Agreement.

- b) The Contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this Agreement. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of this DOT-assisted Agreement. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this Agreement, which may result in the termination of this Agreement or such other remedy as the TJPA deems appropriate. Each Subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor must include the assurance in this paragraph (*see* 49 CFR Section 26.13[b]).

- c) (Checked box is applicable to this Agreement.)

☐ (If a separate Agreement goal has been established, use the following)

The Contractor was required to document sufficient DBE participation to meet the separate Agreement goal established for this Agreement or, alternatively, document adequate good faith efforts to do so, as provided for in 49 CFR Section 26.53.

☒ (If no separate Agreement goal has been established, use the following)

The Contractor is required to report its DBE participation obtained through race-neutral means throughout the period of performance.

- d) DBE Contract Assurance (49 CFR 26.13)

The Contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to

carry out these requirements is a material breach of this Agreement, which may result in the termination of this Agreement or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is no limited to:

- 1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- 2) Assessing sanctions;
- 3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- 4) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

The non-Federal entity must take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that contracting with small and minority business, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible. (2 CFR 200.321)

Affirmative steps must include:

- 1) Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists;
 - 2) Assuring that small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;
 - 3) Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
 - 4) Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement permits, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
 - 5) Using the services and assistance, as appropriate, of such organizations as the Small Business Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce; and
 - 6) Requiring the prime contractor, if subcontracts are to be let, to take the affirmative steps listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section.
 - 7) Apart from inconsistent requirements imposed by Federal statute or regulations, the contractor shall comply with the requirements of 49 USC 5323(h)(2) by refraining from using any FTA assistance to support procurements using exclusionary or discriminatory specifications.
- e) DBE Prompt Payment (49 CFR 26.29)

The prime contractor agrees to pay each subcontractor under this prime contract for satisfactory performance of its contract:

- 1) Not later than ten (10) days after receipt of each progress payment from the Agency, the successful Proposer shall pay to any sub-contractor performing any work, the respective amounts allowed to the successful Proposer for work performed by the sub-contractor, to the extent of each subcontractor's interest therein, unless otherwise agreed to in writing. In addition, for projects that invoice only at the completion of the project, within seven (7) days of the successful Proposer's receipt of released retention from the Agency upon completion of the project as defined in California Public Contract Code section 7107 the successful Proposer shall pay each of its sub-contractors from whom retention has been withheld, each sub-contractors share of the retention received, in accordance with the provisions of California Public Contract Code section 7107. For projects that issue progress payment invoices, upon incremental acceptance of any portion of the work by the Agency, the successful Proposer shall pay each of its sub-contractors from whom retention has been withheld, each sub-contractors share of the retention received, in accordance with the provisions of California Public Contract Code section 7107. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE sub-contractors.
- 2) Failure to comply with these provisions or delay in payment without prior written approval from the Agency will constitute noncompliance, which may result in appropriate administrative sanctions.

The contractor must promptly notify the Agency, whenever a DBE subcontractor performing work related to this contract is terminated or fails to complete its work and must make good faith efforts to engage another DBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work. The contractor may not terminate any DBE subcontractor and perform that work through its own forces or those of an affiliate without prior written consent of the Agency.

The prime contractor will not be reimbursed for work performed by subcontractors unless and until the prime contractor ensures that the subcontractors are promptly paid for the work they have performed.

Payment Deductions – Noncompliance with DBE Requirements

- 1) For Federally funded contracts that exceed \$150,000 and to which the Disadvantage Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements apply, the failure to perform in accordance with requirements may result in a partial or full suspension of payment, including progress payments, if applicable.
 - 2) If the Contractor is found to be in noncompliance with the DBE requirements of the progress of the work shall also be deemed to be unsatisfactory, and an amount equal to the DBE participation in the Contract shall be retained from payment (or progress payments, if any) made to the Contractor.
 - 3) If the contract value is over \$150,000, the prime contractor may be responsible for submitting a monthly report on the status of its DBE subcontractors as outlined by the Contracting Officer.
 - 4) If the Contractor fails to submit the required monthly DBE reports, the Contracting Officer may suspend payment (or progress payments) until such time as the monthly reports are submitted and accepted by the Agency.
- f) Civil Rights Policy Statements: It is the policy of the Department of Transportation and the Agency that Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (“DBE”) as defined in 49 CFR part 26, shall have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds under this Agreement. Consequently, the DBE requirement of 49 CFR applies to this Agreement.

8. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT

*** This requirement applies to all Agreements.*

The contractor agrees to comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. § 5301 et seq. The Contractor acknowledges that pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), programs, services, and other activities provided by a public entity to the public, whether directly or through a contractor, must be accessible to the disabled public. The Contractor shall provide the services specified in this Agreement in a manner that complies with the ADA and any and all other applicable federal, state, and local disability rights legislation. The Contractor agrees not to discriminate against disabled persons in the provision of services, benefits, or activities provided under this Agreement and further agrees that any violation of this prohibition on the part of the Contractor, its employees, agents, or assigns will constitute a material breach of this Agreement. The ADA Access requirements apply to all contracts. The ADA Access requirements flow down to all third-party contractors and their contracts at every tier. In addition, the contractor agrees to comply with any and all applicable requirements issued by the FTA, DOT, Department of Justice, U.S. General Services Administration, U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, U.S. Federal Communications Commission, any subsequent amendments thereto, and any other nondiscrimination statute(s) that may apply to the Project.

9. INCORPORATION OF U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TERMS

**** This requirement applies to all Agreements.**

The preceding provisions include, in part, certain standard terms and conditions required by U.S. DOT, FTA and FRA of the TJPA's agreements, whether or not expressly set forth in the preceding Agreement provisions. All contractual provisions required by U.S. DOT, FTA, and FRA are hereby incorporated by reference. Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, all USDOT, FTA, and FRA-mandated terms shall be deemed to control in the event of a conflict with other provisions contained in this Agreement. The Contractor shall not perform any act, fail to perform any act, or refuse to comply with any TJPA requests which would cause the TJPA to be in violation of the USDOT, FTA, or FRA terms and conditions.

10. FLY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS

**** This provision applies to all Agreements that involve the transportation of persons or property, by air, between a place in the U.S. and a place outside the U.S., or between places outside the U.S.**

- a) The Contractor agrees to comply with 49 U.S.C. Section 40118 (the "Fly America Act") in accordance with the General Services Administration's regulations at 41 CFR Part 301-10, which provide that recipients and subrecipients of Federal funds and their contractors are required to use U.S. flag air carriers for U.S. Government-financed international air travel and transportation of their personal effects or property, to the extent such service is available, unless travel by foreign air carrier is a matter of necessity, as defined by the Fly America Act.
- b) The Contractor shall submit the "Fly America Certification" if the regulation is applicable to the Agreement.
- c) The Contractor shall submit, if a foreign air carrier was used, an appropriate certification or memorandum adequately explaining why service by a U.S. flag air carrier was not available or why it was necessary to use a foreign air carrier.
- d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, transportation on a foreign air carrier is permissible when provided by a foreign air carrier under a code share agreement when the ticket identifies the U.S. air carrier's designator code and flight number. Transportation by a foreign air carrier is also permissible if there is a bilateral or multilateral air transportation agreement to which the U.S. Government and a foreign government are parties and which the U.S. DOT has determined meets the requirements of the Fly America Act.

11. CARGO PREFERENCE REQUIREMENTS

**** This provision applies to all Agreements involving equipment, materials, or commodities which may be transported by ocean vessels.**

The Contractor agrees to:

- a) use privately owned United States flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to the Agreement to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States flag commercial vessels;
- b) furnish within twenty (20) working days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within thirty (30) working days following the date of leading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, "on-board" commercial ocean bill-of-landing in English for each shipment of cargo described in the preceding paragraph to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration,

Washington, DC 20590 and to the TJPA (through the Contractor in the case of a subcontractor's bill-of-landing).

12. ENERGY CONSERVATION REQUIREMENTS

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

The Contractor agrees to comply with mandatory standards and policies relating to energy efficiency which are contained in the state energy conservation plan issued in compliance with the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 6201 et seq. The Contractor agrees to perform an energy assessment for any building constructed, reconstructed, or modified with FTA funds required under FTA regulations, "Requirements for Energy Assessments," 49 CFR part 622, subpart C.

13. ASSIGNABILITY CLAUSE

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

Procurements through assignments: Neither Agency nor the contractor shall assign or transfer any of its rights or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of the other.

14. SEVERABILITY

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

The Contractor agrees that if any provision of these Federal Requirements is determined to be invalid, then the remaining provisions thereof that conform to federal laws, regulations, requirements, and guidance will continue in effect.

15. FEDERAL STANDARDS

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

The Contractor agrees to comply with FTA Circular 4220.1G, "Third Party Contracting Requirements," including any revision or replacement thereof, and applicable Federal regulations or requirements, including FTA third party contracting regulations when promulgated. The FTA Best Practices Procurement Lessons Learned Manual provides additional procurement guidance. Nevertheless, successful Proposer should be aware that the FTA Best Practices Procurement Lessons Learned Manual is focused on procurement processes and may omit certain Federal requirements applicable to the work to be performed.

16. NOTICE TO THIRD PARTY PARTICIPANTS

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

Federal requirements that apply to the Recipient or the Award, the accompanying Underlying Agreement, and any Amendments thereto may change due to changes in federal law, regulation, other requirements, or guidance, or changes in the Recipient's Underlying Agreement including any information incorporated by reference and made part of that Underlying Agreement; and Applicable changes to those federal requirements will apply to each Third Party Agreement and parties thereto at any tier.

17. TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

The contractor agrees that it and its employees that participate in the Recipient's Award, may not: Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the Recipient's Award is in effect; Procure a commercial sex act during the period of time that the Recipient's Award is in effect; or Use forced labor in the performance of the Recipient's Award or sub agreements thereunder.

18. FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY AND RECENT FELONY CONVICTIONS

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

The contractor certifies that it: (a) Does not have any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and (b) Was not convicted of the felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months. The Contractor shall flow this requirement down to participants at all lower tiers, without regard to the value of any sub agreement.

19. SUBSTANCE ABUSE REQUIREMENTS (SAFETY SENSITIVE FUNCTION)

*** This provision applies to all contractors who perform a safety-sensitive function.*

The Contractor agrees to establish and implement a drug and alcohol testing program that complies with 49 CFR Part 655, produce any documentation necessary to establish its compliance with Part 655, and permit any authorized representative of the United States Department of Transportation or its operating administrations, the State Oversight Agency of California, or the Agency, to inspect the facilities and records associated with the implementation of the drug and alcohol testing program as required under 49 CFR Part 655 and review the testing process. The Contractor agrees further to certify annually its compliance with Part 655 before June 30 and to submit the Management Information System (MIS) reports before January 15 to the Agency. To certify compliance the Contractor shall use the "Substance Abuse Certifications" in the "Annual List of Certifications and Assurances for Federal Transit Administration Grants and Cooperative Agreements," which is published annually in the Federal Register.

a) Drug-Free Workplace. The Recipient agrees to:

- 1) Comply with the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, as amended, 41 U.S.C. § 8103, et seq.
- 2) Comply with U.S. DOT regulations, "Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Financial Assistance)," 49 CFR Part 32.
- 3) Follow and facilitate compliance with U.S. OMB regulatory guidance, "Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Financial Assistance)," 2 CFR Part 182, particularly where the U.S. OMB regulatory guidance supersedes comparable provisions of 49 CFR Part 32.

b) Alcohol Misuse and Prohibited Drug Use.

- 1) The Recipient agrees to comply and assures that its Third Party Participants will comply with:
 - a. Federal transit laws, specifically 49 U.S.C. § 5331;
 - b. FTA regulations, "Prevention of Alcohol Misuse and Prohibited Drug Use in Transit Operations," 49 CFR Part 655; and
 - c. Applicable provisions of U.S. DOT regulations, "Procedures for Transportation Workplace Drug and Alcohol Testing Programs," 49 CFR Part 40.
- 2) Remedies for Non-Compliance: The Recipient agrees that if FTA determines that the Recipient or a Third Party Participant receiving federal assistance under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 is not in compliance with 49 CFR Part 655, the Federal Transit Administrator may bar that Recipient or Third Party Participant from receiving all or a portion of the federal transit assistance for public transportation it would otherwise receive.

20. CONTRACTS INVOLVING FEDERAL PRIVACY ACT REQUIREMENTS

*** This provision applies to all Contracts Involving Federal Privacy Act Requirements. When the Contractor maintains files on drug and alcohol enforcement activities for FTA, and those files are organized so that information could be retrieved by personal identifier, the Privacy Act requirements apply.*

The following requirements apply to the Contractor and its employees that administer any system of records on behalf of the Federal Government under any contract: (1) The Contractor agrees to comply with, and assures the compliance of its employees with, the information restrictions and other applicable requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. § 552a. Among other things, the Contractor agrees to obtain the express consent of the Federal Government before the Contractor, or its employees operate a system of records on behalf of the Federal Government. The Contractor understands that the requirements of the Privacy Act, including the civil and criminal penalties for violation of that Act, apply to those individuals involved, and that failure to comply with the terms of the Privacy Act may result in termination of the underlying contract.

21. INDIRECT RATES

*** This provision applies to all Architect and Engineering Contracts.*

The Architect and Engineering Contractor will only be reimbursed for indirect rates that comply with Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) Part 31.2. The Agency will accept approved rates by the Defense Contract Audit Agency (DCAA) or another approved governmental entity. Said proposed indirect rates will be subject to audit. The Agency reserves the right to audit the proposed rates and make an appropriate adjustment to the prior billings at any time prior to final payment of the Contractor.

22. SAFE OPERATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

Contractor agrees to comply with Federal Executive Order No. 13043, "Increasing Seat Belt Use in the United States," April 16, 1997, 23 U.S.C. Section 402

The Contractor agrees to comply with the following:

Seat Belt Use. The Contractor is encouraged to adopt and promote on-the-job seat belt use policies and programs for its employees and other personnel that operate company-owned vehicles, company-rented vehicles, or personally operated vehicles. The terms "company-owned" and "company-leased" refer to vehicles owned or leased either by the Contractor or Agency.

Distracted Driving. The Contractor agrees to adopt and enforce workplace safety policies to decrease crashes caused by distracted drivers, including policies to ban text messaging while using an electronic device supplied by an employer, and driving a vehicle the driver owns or rents, a vehicle Contractor owns, leases, or rents, or a privately-owned vehicle when on official business in connection with the work performed under this agreement.

23. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATION AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

The Contractor is prohibited from using federal funds to:

- a) Procure or obtain
- b) Extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; or
- c) Enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that use covered telecommunications equipment or services, described in Public Law 115-232, section 889, as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system.

The Contractor or subcontractor shall not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services, as described in Public Law 115-232, in the performance of this contract.

24. NATIONAL INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS (ITS) ARCHITECTURE AND STANDARDS

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

The Contractor agrees to conform to the national ITS architecture and standards to the extent required by Section 5307(c) of SAFETEA-LU, FTA notice, "FTA National ITS Architecture Policy on Transit Projects," 66 C.F.R. 1455 et seq., January 8, 2001, and later published policies or implementing directives FTA may issue.

25. PATENT AND RIGHTS IN DATA

*** This provision applies to all Agreements involving experimental, developmental or research work.*

***This provision does not apply to capital projects or operating projects, even though a small portion of the sales price may cover the cost of product development or writing the user's manual.*

a) Rights in Data

The term "subject data" used in this clause means recorded information, whether or not copyrighted, that is delivered or specified to be delivered under the contract. The term includes graphic or pictorial delineation in media such as drawings or photographs; text in specifications or related performance or design-type documents; machine forms such as punched cards, magnetic tape, or computer memory printouts; and information retained in computer memory. Examples include, but are not limited to: computer software, engineering drawings and associated lists, specifications, standards, process sheets, manuals, technical reports, catalog item identifications, and related information. The term "subject data" does not include financial reports, cost analyses, and similar information incidental to contract administration.

The following restrictions apply to all subject data first produced in the performance of the contract:

- 1) Except for its own internal use, the Purchaser or Contractor may not publish or reproduce subject data in whole or in part, or in any manner or form, nor may the Purchaser or Contractor authorize others to do so, without the written consent of the Federal Government, until such time as the Federal Government may have either released or approved the release of such data to the public; this restriction on publication, however, does not apply to any contract with an academic institution.
- 2) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 18.34 and 49 C.F.R. § 19.36, the Federal Government reserves a royalty-free, non-exclusive and irrevocable license to reproduce, publish, or otherwise use, and to authorize others to use, for "Federal Government purposes," any subject data or copyright described in subsections (2)(b)1 and (2)(b)2 of this clause below. As used in the previous sentence, "for Federal Government purposes," means use only for the direct purposes of the Federal Government. Without the copyright owner's consent, the Federal Government may not extend its Federal license to any other party.
- 3) Unless FTA determines otherwise, the Purchaser and the Contractor performing experimental, developmental, or research work required by the contract agrees to permit FTA to make available to the public, either FTA's license in the copyright to any subject data developed in the course of that contract, or a copy of the subject data first produced under the contract for which a copyright has not been obtained. If the experimental, developmental, or research work, which is the subject of the underlying contract, is not completed for any reason whatsoever, all data developed under that contract shall become subject data as defined in subsection (a) of this clause and shall be delivered as the Federal Government may direct. This subsection (c), however, does not apply to adaptations of automatic data processing equipment or programs for the Purchaser or Contractor's use whose costs are financed in whole or in part with Federal assistance provided by FTA for transportation capital projects.
- 4) Unless prohibited by state law, upon request by the Federal Government, the Purchaser and the Contractor agree to indemnify, save, and hold harmless the Federal Government, its officers,

agents, and employees acting within the scope of their official duties against any liability, including costs and expenses, resulting from any willful or intentional violation by the Purchaser or Contractor of proprietary rights, copyrights, or right of privacy, arising out of the publication, translation, reproduction, delivery, use, or disposition of any data furnished under that contract. Neither the Purchaser nor the Contractor shall be required to indemnify the Federal Government for any such liability arising out of the wrongful act of any employee, official, or agents of the Federal Government.

- 5) Nothing contained in this clause on rights in data shall imply a license to the Federal Government under any patent or be construed as affecting the scope of any license or other right otherwise granted to the Federal Government under any patent.
- 6) Data developed by the Purchaser or Contractor and financed entirely without using Federal assistance provided by the Federal Government that has been incorporated into work required by the underlying contract to which this Attachment has been added is exempt from the requirements of subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, provided that the Purchaser or Contractor identifies that data in writing at the time of delivery of the contract work.
- 7) Unless the Federal Government later makes a contrary determination in writing, irrespective of the Contractor's status (i.e., a large business, small business, state government or state instrumentality, local government, nonprofit organization, institution of higher education, individual, etc.), the Purchaser and the Contractor agree to take the necessary actions to provide, through FTA, those rights in that invention due the Federal Government as described in U.S. Department of Commerce regulations, "Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements," 37 C.F.R. Part 401.

b) Patent Rights

- 1) If any invention, improvement, or discovery is conceived or first actually reduced to practice in the course of or under the contract to which this Attachment has been added, and that invention, improvement, or discovery is patentable under the laws of the United States of America or any foreign country, the Purchaser and Contractor agree to take actions necessary to provide immediate notice and a detailed report to the party at a higher tier until FTA is ultimately notified.
- 2) Unless the Federal Government later makes a contrary determination in writing, irrespective of the Contractor's status (a large business, small business, state government or state instrumentality, local government, nonprofit organization, institution of higher education, individual), the Purchaser and the Contractor agree to take the necessary actions to provide, through FTA, those rights in that invention due the Federal Government as described in U.S. Department of Commerce regulations, "Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements," 37 C.F.R. Part 401.
- 3) The Contractor also agrees to include the requirements of this clause in each subcontract for experimental, developmental, or research work financed in whole or in part with Federal assistance provided by FTA.

The following provision (26-27) applies to Agreements exceeding \$10,000.

26. RECYCLED PRODUCTS

*** This provision applies to all Agreements to procure \$10,000 or more of any one item designated by the EPA under 40 CFR Part 247, Subpart B in a single fiscal year, and to all Agreements to procure any items designated in 40 CFR Part 247, Subpart B where the TJPA or the Contractor has used Federal funds to procure \$10,000 or more of any one item in the previous fiscal year.*

*** Please be aware that the requirements in the Agreement regarding resource conservation may be more restrictive than the USDOT Requirements described below. The Contractor must comply with the requirements described below and in the Agreement.*

The Contractor agrees to comply with the requirements of Section 6002 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), as amended (42 U.S.C. Section 6962 et seq.), including but not limited to the regulatory provisions of 40 CFR Part 247, and Executive Order 12873, as they apply to the procurement of the items designated in 40 CFR Part 247, Subpart B.

27. TERMINATION

*** This provision applies to all Agreements in excess of \$10,000.*

Pursuant to 2 C.F.R. § 200.340 The federal award may be terminated in whole or in part:

- a) By the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity, if a non-Federal entity fails to comply with the terms and conditions of a Federal award;
- b) By the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity, to the greatest extent authorized by law, if an award no longer effectuates the program goals or agency priorities;
- c) By the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity with the consent of the non-Federal entity, in which case the two parties must agree upon the termination conditions, including the effective date and, in the case of partial termination, the portion to be terminated;
- d) By the non-Federal entity upon sending to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity written notification setting forth the reasons for such termination, the effective date, and, in the case of partial termination, the portion to be terminated. However, if the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity determines in the case of partial termination that the reduced or modified portion of the Federal award or subaward will not accomplish the purposes for which the Federal award was made, the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may terminate the Federal award in its entirety; or
- e) By the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity pursuant to termination provisions included in the Federal award.

Termination for Convenience (General Provision)

The Agency may terminate this contract, in whole or in part, at any time by written notice to the Contractor when it is in the Agency's best interest. The Contractor shall be paid its costs, including contract close-out costs, and profit on work performed up to the time of termination. The Contractor shall promptly submit its termination claim to the Agency to be paid the Contractor. If the Contractor has any property in its possession belonging to the Agency, the Contractor will account for the same, and dispose of it in the manner the Agency directs.

Termination for Default [Breach or Cause] (General Provision)

If the Contractor does not deliver supplies in accordance with the contract delivery schedule, or if the contract is for services, the Contractor fails to perform in the manner called for in the contract, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any other provisions of the contract, the Agency may terminate this contract for default. Termination shall be effected by serving a Notice of Termination on the Contractor setting forth the manner in which the Contractor is in default. The Contractor will be paid only the contract price for supplies delivered and accepted, or services performed in accordance with the manner of performance set forth in the contract. If it is later determined by the Agency that the Contractor had an excusable reason for not performing, such as a strike, fire, or flood, events which are not the fault of or are beyond the control of the Contractor, the Agency, after setting up a new delivery of performance schedule, may allow the Contractor to continue work, or treat the termination as a Termination for Convenience.

Opportunity to Cure (General Provision)

The Agency, in its sole discretion may, in the case of a termination for breach or default, allow the Contractor [an appropriately short period of time] in which to cure the defect. In such case, the Notice of Termination will state the time period in which cure is permitted and other appropriate conditions. If Contractor fails to remedy to Agency's satisfaction the breach or default of any of the terms, covenants, or conditions of this Contract within [10 days] after receipt by Contractor of written notice from Agency setting forth the nature of said breach or default, Agency shall have the right to terminate the contract without any further obligation to Contractor. Any such termination for default shall not in any way operate to preclude Agency from also pursuing all available remedies against Contractor and its sureties for said breach or default.

Waiver of Remedies for any Breach In the event that the Agency elects to waive its remedies for any breach by Contractor of any covenant, term or condition of this contract, such waiver by Agency shall not limit Agency's remedies for any succeeding breach of that or of any other covenant, term, or condition of this contract.

Termination for Convenience (Professional or Transit Service Contracts)

The Agency, by written notice, may terminate this contract, in whole or in part, when it is in the Agency's interest. If this contract is terminated, the Agency shall be liable only for payment under the payment provisions of this contract for services rendered before the effective date of termination.

Termination for Default (Supplies and Service)

If the Contractor fails to deliver supplies or to perform the services within the time specified in this contract or any extension, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any other provisions of this contract, the Agency may terminate this contract for default. The Agency shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the nature of the default. The Contractor will only be paid the contract price for supplies delivered and accepted, or services performed in accordance with the manner or performance set forth in this contract. If, after termination for failure to fulfill contract obligations, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of the Agency.

Termination for Default (Transportation Services)

If the Contractor fails to pick up the commodities or to perform the services, including delivery services, within the time specified in this contract or any extension, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any other provisions of this contract, the Agency may terminate this contract for default. The Agency shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the nature of default. The Contractor will only be paid the contract price for services performed in accordance with the manner of performance set forth in this contract. If this contract is terminated while the Contractor has possession of Agency goods, the Contractor shall, upon direction of the Agency, protect and preserve the goods until surrendered to the Agency or its agent. The Contractor and Agency shall agree on payment for the preservation and protection of goods. Failure to agree on an amount will be resolved under the Dispute clause. If, after termination for failure to fulfill contract obligations, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of the Agency.

Termination for Default (Construction)

If the Contractor refuses or fails to prosecute the work or any separable part, with the diligence that will ensure its completion within the time specified in this contract or any extension or fails to complete the work within this time, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any other provision of this contract, Agency may terminate this contract for default. The Agency shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the nature of the default. In this event, the Agency may take over the work and complete it by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of and use any materials, appliances, and plant on the work site necessary for completing the work. The Contractor and

its sureties shall be liable for any damage to the Agency resulting from the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within specified time, whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated. This liability includes any increased costs incurred by the Agency in completing the work. The Contractor's right to proceed shall not be terminated nor shall the Contractor be charged with damages under this clause if: 1. The delay in completing the work arises from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include: acts of God, acts of Agency, acts of another contractor in the performance of a contract with Agency, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, freight embargoes; and 2. The Contractor, within [10] days from the beginning of any delay, notifies Agency in writing of the causes of delay. If, in the judgment of Agency, the delay is excusable, the time for completing the work shall be extended. The judgment of Agency shall be final and conclusive for the parties, but subject to appeal under the Disputes clause(s) of this contract. If, after termination of the Contractor's right to proceed, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, or that the delay was excusable, the rights and obligations of the parties will be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of Agency.

Termination for Convenience or Default (Architect and Engineering)

The Agency may terminate this contract in whole or in part, for the Agency's convenience or because of the failure of the Contractor to fulfill the contract obligations. The Agency shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the nature, extent, and effective date of the termination. Upon receipt of the notice, the Contractor shall (1) immediately discontinue all services affected (unless the notice directs otherwise), and (2) deliver to the Agency's Contracting Officer all data, drawings, specifications, reports, estimates, summaries, and other information and materials accumulated in performing this contract, whether completed or in process. Agency has a royalty-free, nonexclusive, and irrevocable license to reproduce, publish or otherwise use, all such data, drawings, specifications, reports, estimates, summaries, and other information and materials. If the termination is for the convenience of the Agency, the Agency's Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the contract price but shall allow no anticipated profit on unperformed services. If the termination is for failure of the Contractor to fulfill the contract obligations, the Agency may complete the work by contract or otherwise and the Contractor shall be liable for any additional cost incurred by the Agency. If, after termination for failure to fulfill contract obligations, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of Agency.

Termination for Convenience or Default (Cost-Type Contracts)

The Agency may terminate this contract, or any portion of it, by serving a Notice of Termination on the Contractor. The notice shall state whether the termination is for convenience of Agency or for the default of the Contractor. If the termination is for default, the notice shall state the manner in which the Contractor has failed to perform the requirements of the contract. The Contractor shall account for any property in its possession paid for from funds received from the Agency, or property supplied to the Contractor by the Agency. If the termination is for default, the Agency may fix the fee, if the contract provides for a fee, to be paid the Contractor in proportion to the value, if any, of work performed up to the time of termination. The Contractor shall promptly submit its termination claim to the Agency and the parties shall negotiate the termination settlement to be paid the Contractor. If the termination is for the convenience of Agency, the Contractor shall be paid its contract close-out costs, and a fee, if the contract provided for payment of a fee, in proportion to the work performed up to the time of termination. If, after serving a Notice of Termination for Default, the Agency determines that the Contractor has an excusable reason for not performing, the Agency, after setting up a new work schedule, may allow the Contractor to continue work, or treat the termination as a Termination for Convenience.

The following provision (28-29) applies to Agreements exceeding \$25,000.

28. GOVERNMENT-WIDE DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION (NON-PROCUREMENT)

*** This requirement applies to all Agreements and Subcontracts greater than or equal to \$25,000, and to any Agreement for auditing services at any dollar value.*

- a) This Agreement is a “covered transaction” for purposes of federal suspension and debarment laws, including 2 CFR part 1200, and the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Appendix A “Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement),” 2 CFR part 180 , and the Contractor is required to comply with same. In particular, the Contractor is required to verify that the Contractor, its “principals,” and its “affiliates” are not “excluded” or “disqualified,” as defined by federal suspension and debarment laws.
- b) The Contractor shall submit the “Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters.”

29. NOTICE TO FTA AND U.S. INSPECTOR GENERAL OF FRAUD, WASTE, OR ABUSE, OR OTHER LEGAL MATTERS

*** This requirement applies to all Agreements and Subcontracts greater than or equal to \$25,000, and to any Agreement for auditing services at any dollar value.*

If a current or prospective legal matter that may affect the Federal Government emerges, the Contractor must promptly notify the Agency, which will promptly notify the FTA Chief Counsel and FTA Regional Counsel for the Region in which the Agency is located. The Contractor must include an equivalent provision in its sub-agreements at every tier, for any agreement that is a “covered transaction” according to 2 C.F.R. §§ 180.220 and 1200.220.

The types of legal matters that require notification include, but are not limited to, a major dispute, breach, default, litigation, or naming the Federal Government as a party to litigation or a legal disagreement in any forum for any reason.

Matters that may affect the Federal Government include, but are not limited to, the Federal Government’s interests in the Award, the accompanying Underlying Agreement between the FTA and the Agency, and any Amendments thereto, or the Federal Government’s administration or enforcement of federal laws, regulations, and requirements.

Additional Notice to U.S. DOT Inspector General

The Contractor must promptly notify the Agency, which will promptly notify the U.S. DOT Inspector General in addition to the FTA Chief Counsel or Regional Counsel for the Region in which the Agency is located, if the Contractor has knowledge of potential fraud, waste, or abuse occurring on a Project receiving assistance from FTA. The notification provision applies if a person has or may have submitted a false claim under the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3729, et seq., or has or may have committed a criminal or civil violation of law pertaining to such matters as fraud, conflict of interest, bid rigging, misappropriation or embezzlement, bribery, gratuity, or similar misconduct involving federal assistance. This responsibility occurs whether the Project is subject to this Agreement or another agreement with the Agency involving a principal, officer, employee, agent, or Third Party Participant of the Contractor. It also applies to subcontractors at any tier. Knowledge, as used in this paragraph, includes, but is not limited to, knowledge of a criminal or civil investigation by a Federal, state, or local law enforcement or other investigative agency, a criminal indictment or civil complaint, or probable cause that could support a criminal indictment, or any other credible information in the possession of the Contractor. In this paragraph, “promptly” means to refer information without delay and without change. This notification

provision applies to all divisions of the Contractor, including divisions tasked with law enforcement or investigatory functions.

The following provisions (30-31) apply to Agreements exceeding \$150,000.

30. CLEAN AIR

*** This provision applies to all Agreements greater than \$150,000 and to Subcontracts greater than \$150,000.*

- a) The Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. Section 7401 et seq. The Contractor agrees to report each violation to the TJPA and understands and agrees that the TJPA will, in turn, report each violation as required to assure notification to FTA and FRA and the appropriate EPA Regional Office.
- b) The Contractor also agrees to include these requirements in each Subcontract exceeding \$50,000.

31. CLEAN WATER REQUIREMENTS

*** This provision applies to all Agreements greater than \$150,000.*

- a) The Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. Section 1251 et seq. The Contractor agrees to report each violation to the TJPA and understands and agrees that the TJPA will, in turn, report each violation as required to assure notification to FTA and FRA and the appropriate EPA Regional Office.
- b) The Contractor also agrees to include these requirements in each Subcontract exceeding \$50,000 financed in whole or in part with Federal assistance provided by FTA and FRA.

The following provisions (32-35) apply to Agreements exceeding \$150,000.

32. BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS

*** This provision applies only to the following types of Agreements: construction agreements of any value; agreements for the acquisition of goods or rolling stock of any value if funded by FRA, and valued at more than \$150,000 if funded by FTA.*

- a) The Contractor agrees to comply with 49 U.S.C. Section 5323(j), 49 CFR Part 661, and 49 U.S.C. 24405, which provide that Federal funds may not be obligated unless steel, iron, and manufactured products used in FTA- and FRA-funded projects, such as the Transbay Transit Center Program that is the subject of this Agreement, are produced in the United States, unless a waiver has been granted by FTA, FRA, or the product is subject to a general waiver. General waivers, when FTA funds are used, are listed in 49 CFR Section 661.7. Separate requirements for rolling stock are set out at 49 U.S.C. Section 5323(j)(2)(C) and 49 CFR Section 661.11 when FTA funds are used, and 49 CFR 24405(a) when FRA funds are used.
- b) The Contractor shall submit the “Buy America Certification” at the time of bid/offer if the regulation is applicable to the particular agreement. The Prime Contractor is responsible for ensuring that lower tier subcontractors are in compliance.

33. BREACHES AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

*** This requirement applies to all Agreements in excess of \$250,000.*

- a) **Disputes** - Disputes arising in the performance of this Agreement which are not resolved by agreement of the parties shall be decided in writing by the authorized representative of TJPA's

Executive Director. This decision shall be final and conclusive unless within ten (10) days from the date of receipt of its copy, the Contractor mails or otherwise furnishes a written appeal to the Executive Director. In connection with any such appeal, the Contractor shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard and to offer evidence in support of its position. The decision of the Executive Director shall be binding upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall abide by the decision.

- b) **Performance During Dispute** - Unless otherwise directed by the TJPA, Contractor shall continue performance under this Agreement while matters in dispute are being resolved.
- c) **Breach of Contract**—The successful bidder shall be deemed in breach of contract if it fails to comply with any terms of the contract, fails to cure such noncompliance from the date of written notice from the Agency, or fails to submit a written response to the notification from the Agency within the amount of time specified from the Agency.
- d) **Force Majeure** - The successful bidder shall not be in breach of the contract as long as its default was due to causes beyond reasonable control (force majeure) and occurred without any fault or negligence on the part of both the successful bidder and its subcontractors.
- e) **Claims for Damages** - Should either party to the Contract suffer injury or damage to person or property because of any act or omission of the party or of any of his employees, agents or others for whose acts he is legally liable, a claim for damages therefore shall be made in writing to such other party within a reasonable time after the first observance of such injury of damage.
- f) **Remedies** - Unless this contract provides otherwise, all claims, counterclaims, disputes and other matters in question between the Agency and the successful Proposer arising out of or relating to the Agreement or any breach thereof, will be decided by arbitration if the parties mutually agree, or in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- g) **Rights and Remedies of the Agency** - The Agency shall have the following rights in the event that the Agency deems the Contractor guilty of a breach of any term under the Contract:
 - 1) The right to take over and complete the work or any part thereof and at the expense of the Contractor, either directly or through other contractors;
 - 2) The right to cancel this Contract as to any or all of the work yet to be performed;
 - 3) The right to specific performance, an injunction or any other appropriate equitable remedy; and
 - 4) The right to money damages.
- h) **Rights and Remedies** - The duties and obligations imposed by the Contract documents and the rights and remedies available thereunder shall be in addition to and not a limitation of any duties, obligations, rights and remedies otherwise imposed or available by law. No action or failure to act by the Agency or Contractor shall constitute a waiver of any right or duty afforded any of them under the Contract, nor shall any such action or failure to act constitute an approval of or acquiescence in any breach thereunder, except as may be specifically agreed in writing.
- i) **Fees** - All costs, expenses and attorney fees incurred by the Contractor in connection with any appeal, suit or claim regarding a dispute that is brought by the Contractor shall be paid by the Contractor.

34. LOBBYING

*** This provision applies to the following types of Agreements, if the Agreement is equal to or greater than \$100,000: construction, architectural and engineering; acquisition of rolling stock; professional services; operational services; and Turnkey.*

*** Please be aware that the requirements in the Agreement regarding limitations on contributions may be more restrictive than the USDOT Requirements described below. The Contractor must comply with the requirements described below and in the Agreement.*

- a) The contractor shall submit the “New Restrictions on Lobbying Certification” if the regulation is applicable to the particular agreement.
- b) No Federal appropriated funds have been or will be paid by or on behalf of the Contractor to any person to influence or attempt to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress regarding the award of a Federal grant, loan (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance, or the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal grant, loan (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance;
- c) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been or will be paid to any person to influence or attempt to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any application for a Federal grant, loan (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance, the Applicant assures that it will complete and submit Standard Form- LLL, ‘Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying,’ in accordance with its instructions. Such forms are forwarded from tier to tier up to the TJPA.

35. AGREEMENT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

*** This requirement applies to all Agreements and Subcontracts for construction over \$100,000, and to non-construction Agreements valued at more than \$100,000 that employ “laborers or mechanics on a public work,” as defined by 42 U.S.C. Section 3701.*

- a) **Overtime requirements** - No Contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the Agreement work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
- b) **Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages** - In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (a) of this section the Contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such Contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this section.
- c) **Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages** - The TJPA shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the Contractor

or subcontractor under any such Agreement or any other Federal contract with the same Contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same Contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such Contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (b) of this section.

The following provisions (36-39) apply to Construction Agreements.

36. BUILD AMERICA, BUY AMERICA ACT

*** This provision applies to all Agreements.*

The Contractor agrees that the Construction materials used in the Project are subject to the domestic preference requirement of the Build America, Buy America Act, Pub. L. 117-58, div. G, tit. IX, §§ 70911 – 70927 (2021), as implemented by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget, the U.S. Department of Transportation, and FTA. The Recipient acknowledges that this agreement is neither a waiver of § 70914(a) nor a finding under § 70914(b).

37. SEISMIC SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

*** This provision applies only to Agreements for the construction of new buildings or additions to existing buildings.*

The Contractor agrees that any new building or addition to an existing building that is the subject of this Agreement will be designed and constructed in accordance with the standards for Seismic Safety required in U.S. DOT Seismic Safety Regulations 49 CFR Part 41 and will certify to compliance with such regulations to the extent required by the regulations. The Contractor also agrees to ensure that all work performed under this Agreement, including work performed by a subcontractor, is in compliance with the standards required by the Seismic Safety Regulations and the certification of compliance issued on the project.

38. BONDING REQUIREMENTS

*** This provision applies to Agreements for construction or facility improvements. For those Agreements or Subcontracts exceeding \$100,000, however, USDOT may accept the bonding policy and requirements of the TJPA, provided that the TJPA's bonding policy and requirements meet the minimum requirements as follows:*

- a) A bid guarantee from each bidder equivalent to 5 percent of the bid price. The “bid guarantees” shall consist of a firm commitment such as a bid bond, certified check, or other negotiable instrument accompanying a bid as assurance that the bidder will, upon acceptance of his bid, execute such contractual documents as may be required within the time specified.
- b) A performance bond on the part of the Contractor for 100 percent of the Agreement price. A “performance bond” is one executed in connection with a contract to secure fulfillment of all the Contractor's obligations under such contract.
- c) A cash deposit, certified check or other negotiable instrument may be accepted by the TJPA in lieu of performance and payment bonds, provided the TJPA has established a procedure to assure that the interest of USDOT is adequately protected. An irrevocable letter of credit would also satisfy the requirement for a bond.

TJPA requirements regarding payment bonds are more stringent than USDOT amounts stated below. The TJPA requires a payment bond on the part of the Contractor for 100 percent of the Agreement price.

a) Bid Bond Requirements (Construction)

1) Bid Security

A Bid Bond must be issued by a fully qualified surety company acceptable to TJPA and listed as a company currently authorized under 31 CFR Part 223 as possessing a Certificate of Authority.

2) Rights Reserved

In submitting a bid, it is understood and agreed by bidder that the right is reserved by TJPA to reject any and all bids, or part of any bid, and it is agreed that a bid may not be withdrawn for a period of ninety (90) days subsequent to the opening of bids, without the written consent of the TJPA.

It is also understood and agreed that if a bidder should withdraw any part or all of its bid within ninety (90) days after the bid opening without the written consent of the TJPA, shall refuse or be unable to enter into this Agreement, or refuse or be unable to furnish adequate and acceptable Performance Bonds and Labor and Material Payments Bonds, or refuse or be unable to furnish adequate and acceptable insurance, it shall forfeit its bid security to the extent of TJPA's damages occasioned by such withdrawal, or refusal, or inability to enter into an agreement, or provide adequate security therefor.

It is further understood and agreed that to the extent the defaulting bidder's Bid Bond, Certified Check, Cashier's Check, Treasurer's Check, and/or Official Bank Check (excluding any income generated thereby which has been retained by the TJPA) shall prove inadequate to fully recompense the TJPA for the damages occasioned by default, then a bidder agrees to indemnify the TJPA and pay over to the TJPA the difference between the bid security and the TJPA's total damages, so as to make the TJPA whole.

A bidder understands that any material alteration of any of the above or any of the material contained on this form, other than that requested, will render the bid unresponsive.

b) Performance and Payment Bonding Requirements (Construction)

The Contractor shall be required to obtain performance and payment bonds as follows:

1) Performance Bonds

- a. The penal amount of performance bonds shall be 100 percent of the original Agreement price, unless the TJPA determines that a lesser amount would be adequate for the protection of the TJPA.
- b. The TJPA may require additional performance bond protection when an Agreement price is increased. The increase in protection shall generally equal 100 percent of the increase in Agreement price. The TJPA may secure additional protection by directing the Contractor to increase the penal amount of the existing bond or to obtain an additional bond.

2) Payment Bonds

- a. The penal amount of the payment bonds shall equal:
 - (i) 50 percent of the Agreement price if the Agreement price is not more than \$1 Million;
 - (ii) 40 percent of the Agreement price if the Agreement price is more than \$1 Million but not more than \$5 Million; or
 - (iii) \$2.5 Million if the Agreement price is more than \$5 Million.

- b. If the original Agreement price is \$5 Million or less, the TJPA may require additional protection, as required by subparagraph 1, if the Agreement price is increased.

c) Performance and Payment Bonding Requirements (Non-Construction)

The Contractor also may be required to obtain performance and payment bonds when necessary to protect the TJPA's interest.

- 1) The following situations may warrant a performance bond:
 - a. TJPA property or funds are to be provided to the Contractor for use in performing the Agreement or as partial compensation (as in retention of salvaged material).
 - b. A Contractor sells assets to or merges with another concern, and the TJPA, after recognizing the latter concern as the successor in interest, desires assurance that it is financially capable.
 - c. Substantial progress payments are made before delivery of end items starts.
 - d. Agreements are for dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements.
- 2) When it is determined that a performance bond is required, the Contractor shall be required to obtain performance bonds as follows:
 - a. The penal amount of performance bonds shall be 100 percent of the original Agreement price, unless the TJPA determines that a lesser amount would be adequate for the protection of the TJPA.
 - b. The TJPA may require additional performance bond protection when an Agreement price is increased. The increase in protection shall generally equal 100 percent of the increase in Agreement price. The TJPA may secure additional protection by directing the Contractor to increase the penal amount of the existing bond or to obtain an additional bond.
- 3) A payment bond is required only when a performance bond is required, and if the use of payment bond is in the TJPA's interest.
- 4) When it is determined that a payment bond is required, the Contractor shall be required to obtain payment bonds as follows:
 - a. The penal amount of payment bonds shall equal:
 - (i) 50 percent of the Agreement price if the Agreement price is not more than \$1 Million;
 - (ii) 40 percent of the Agreement price if the Agreement price is more than \$1 Million but not more than \$5 Million; or
 - (iii) \$2.5 Million if the Agreement price is increased.

d) Advance Payment Bonding Requirements

The Contractor may be required to obtain an advance payment bond if the Agreement contains an advance payment provision and a performance bond is not furnished. The TJPA shall determine the amount of the advance payment bond necessary to protect the TJPA.

e) Patent Infringement Bonding Requirements (Patent Indemnity)

The Contractor may be required to obtain a patent indemnity bond if a performance bond is not furnished and the financial responsibility of the Contractor is unknown or doubtful. The TJPA shall determine the amount of the patent indemnity to protect the TJPA.

f) Warranty of the Work and Maintenance Bonds

- 1) The Contractor warrants to the TJPA, the architect and/or engineer that all materials and equipment furnished under this Agreement will be of highest quality and new unless otherwise specified by the TJPA, free from faults and defects and in conformance with the Agreement documents. All work not so conforming to these standards shall be considered defective. If required by the Executive Director, the Contractor shall furnish satisfactory evidence as to the kind and quality of materials and equipment.
- 2) The work furnished under the Agreement must be of first quality and the workmanship must be the best obtainable in the various trades. The work must be of safe, substantial and durable construction in all respects. The Contractor hereby guarantees the work against defective materials or faulty workmanship for a minimum period of one (1) year after Final Payment by the TJPA and shall replace or repair any defective materials or equipment or faulty workmanship during the period of the guarantee at no cost to the TJPA. As additional security for these guarantees, the Contractor shall, prior to the release of final payment, furnish separate Maintenance (or Guarantee) Bonds in form acceptable to the TJPA written by the same corporate surety that provides the Performance Bond and Labor and Material Payment Bond for this Agreement. These bonds shall secure the Contractor's obligation to replace or repair defective materials and faulty workmanship for a minimum period of one (1) year after final payment and shall be written in an amount equal to 100 percent of the Agreement sum, as adjusted (if at all).

39. DAVIS-BACON AND COPELAND ANTI-KICKBACK ACTS

***This requirement applies to any Agreement for construction greater than \$2,000. "Construction," for purposes of this requirement, includes "actual construction, alteration and/or repair, including painting and decorating." (29 CFR Section 5.5[a]).*

(a). Minimum Wages

- (1). All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work that is the subject of this Agreement (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the Project), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act [29 CFR Part 3]), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph (1)(iv) of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR Part 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein, provided that

the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph (1)(ii) of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the Contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- (2). (A). The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the Agreement shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i). Except with respect to helpers as defined as 29 CFR Section 5.2(n)(4), the work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii). The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii). The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination; and
 - (iv). With respect to helpers as defined in 29 CFR Section 5.2(n)(4), such a classification prevails in the area in which the work is performed.
 - (B). If the Contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within thirty (30) days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (C). In the event the Contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within thirty (30) days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (D). The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs (a)(1)(ii) (B) or (C) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this Agreement from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- (3). Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the Agreement for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the Contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay

another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

- (4). If the Contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the Contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, provided that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the Contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the Contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
 - (5). (A). The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the Agreement shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefor only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i). The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii). The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii). The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
 - (B). If the Contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within thirty (30) days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (C). In the event the Contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination with thirty (30) days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (D). The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs (a)(1)(v) (B) or (C) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this Agreement from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- (b). **Withholding** - The TJPA shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld from the Contractor under this Agreement or any other Federal contract with the same Contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same Contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered

necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the Agreement. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the project), all or part of the wages required by the Agreement, the TJPA may, after written notice to the Contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

(c). **Payrolls and Basic Records**

(1). Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the Contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three (3) years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937, or under the Housing Act of 1949, in the construction or development of the project). Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR Section 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(2). (A). The Contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any Agreement work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the TJPA for transmission to the USDOT. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under Section 5.5(a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR Part 5. This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal Stock Number 029-005-00014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The Contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.

(B). Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the Agreement and shall certify the following:

- (i). That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under Section 5.5(a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR Part 5 and that such information is correct and complete;
- (ii). That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the Agreement during the payroll period has been paid

the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR Part 3;

- (iii). That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the Agreement.

(C). The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph (a)(3)(ii)(B) of this section.

(D). The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the Contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 231 of Title 31 of the United States Code.

- (3). The Contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the USDOT or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the Contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the Contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR Section 5.12.

(d). **Apprentices and Trainees**

- (1). Apprentices - Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his or her first ninety (90) days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the Contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a Contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the Contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program

for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division of the U.S. Department of Labor determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- (2). Trainees - Except as provided in 29 CFR Section 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
- (3). Equal employment opportunity - The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.
- (e). **Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements** - The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this Agreement.
- (f). **Subcontracts** - The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any Subcontracts the clauses contained in 29 CFR Section 5.5(a)(1) through (10) and such other clauses as the USDOT may by appropriate instructions require, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier Subcontracts. The Contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR Section 5.5.

- (g). **Agreement Termination: Debarment** - A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR Section 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the Agreement, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR Section 5.12.
- (h). **Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Requirements** - All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this Agreement.
- (i). **Disputes Concerning Labor Standards** - Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this Agreement shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- (j). **Certification of Eligibility**
 - (1). By entering into this Agreement, the Contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of Section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR Section 5.12(a)(1).
 - (2). No part of this Agreement shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of Section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR Section 5.12(a)(1).
 - (3). The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. Section 1001.

FLY AMERICA CERTIFICATION

49 U.S.C. Section 40118
41 CFR Part 301-10

Certificate of Compliance

The bidder or offeror hereby certifies that it will meet the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 40118 (the “Fly America” Act) in accordance with the General Services Administration's regulations at 41 C.F.R. Part 301-10.

Date _____

Signature _____

Company Name _____

Title _____

Certificate of Non-Compliance

***If a foreign air carrier was used, the certification shall adequately explain why services by a U.S. flag air carrier was not available or why it was necessary to use a foreign air carrier.*

The bidder or offeror hereby certifies that it cannot comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 40118 (the “Fly America” Act) in accordance with the General Services Administration's regulations at 41 C.F.R. Part 301-10.

Date _____

Signature _____

Company Name _____

Title _____

Explanation: _____

BUY AMERICA CERTIFICATION

FTA Certification requirement relating to procurement of steel, iron, or manufactured products.

Certificate of Compliance

The Contractor hereby certifies that it will comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. § 5323(j)(1), and the applicable regulations in 49 C.F.R. Part 661.

Date _____

Contractor Name _____

Authorized Representative Name _____

Signature _____

Title _____

OR

Certificate of Non-Compliance

The Contractor hereby certifies that it cannot comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. § 5323(j)(1), but it may qualify for an exception to the requirement pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 5323(j)(2), as amended, and the applicable regulations in 49 C.F.R. 661.7.

Date _____

Contractor Name _____

Authorized Representative Name _____

Signature _____

Title _____

FRA Certification requirement relating to procurement of steel, iron, or manufactured products.

Certificate of Compliance

The Contractor hereby certifies that it will comply with the FRA Buy America requirements of 49 U.S.C. Section 24405(a)(1).

Date _____

Contractor Name _____

Authorized Representative Name _____

Signature _____

Title _____

OR

Certificate of Non-Compliance

The Contractor hereby certifies that it cannot comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. Section 24405(a)(1), but it may qualify for an exception to the requirement pursuant to 49 U.S.C. Section 24405(a)(2).

Date _____

Contractor Name _____

Authorized Representative Name _____

Signature _____

Title _____

NEW RESTRICTIONS ON LOBBYING CERTIFICATION

The Contractor certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," in accordance with its instructions.

(3) The Contractor shall require that the language of this certification be included in all Subcontracts, and that all subcontractors shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. Section 1352 (as amended by the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995) and U.S. DOT regulations, "New Restrictions on Lobbying," specifically 49 CFR 20.110. Pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352(c)(1)-(2)(A), any person who makes a prohibited expenditure or fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

The Contractor certifies and affirms the truthfulness and accuracy of each statement of this certification and disclosure, if any. In addition, the Contractor understands and agrees that the provisions of 31 U.S.C. Section 3801 *et seq.*, apply to this certification and disclosure, if any.

Date _____

Contractor Name _____

Authorized Representative Name _____

Signature _____

Title _____

**CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, AND OTHER
RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS**

By signing and submitting its bid or proposal, the bidder or proposer certifies as follows:

- (1) The prospective participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that it and its principals:
 - a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for disbarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
 - b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this application been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
 - c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State, or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (1) b. of this certification; and
 - d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this application had one or more public transactions (Federal, State, or local) terminated for cause or default.
- (2) The prospective proposer also certifies that if, later it becomes aware of any information contradicting the statements of paragraphs (a) through (d) above, it will promptly provide that information to the TJPA.
- (3) Where the prospective proposer is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective primary participant shall attach and provide a written explanation to the TJPA.

The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact relied upon by the TJPA. If it is later determined that the bidder or proposer knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to remedies available to the TJPA, the Federal Government may pursue available remedies, including but not limited to suspension and/or debarment. The bidder or proposer agrees to comply with the requirements of federal suspension and debarment laws, including 2 CFR part 1200, and the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Appendix A "Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement)," 2 CFR part 180 while this offer is valid and throughout the period of any contract that may arise from this offer. The bidder or proposer further agrees to include a provision requiring such compliance in its lower tier covered transactions.

Bidder/Offeror Name: _____

Authorized Representative Name: _____

Authorized Representative Title: _____

Authorized Representative Signature: _____

Date: _____